UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K/A

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: <u>December 14, 2011</u> (Date of earliest event reported)

Asure Software, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Delaware</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) O-20008 (Commission File Number) 74-2415696 (IRS Employer Identification Number)

110 Wild Basin Rd
Austin, TX
(Address of principal executive offices)

78746 (Zip Code)

<u>512-437-2700</u>

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

| Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions: |
|---|
| ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425) |
| □ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12) |
| □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) |
| □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)) |
| |

This Form 8-K/A is filed as an amendment to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Asure Software, Inc. on December 14, 2011. This Amendment is being filed to include the financial statements of W.G. Ross Corp., d/b/a Legiant and pro forma information listed below.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

- (a) Financial statements of businesses acquired.
 - (1) Exhibit 99.1 Audited Financial Statements for W.G. Ross Corp. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2010 and the accompanying Report of Independent Auditors; and
 - (2) Exhibit 99.2 Unaudited Financial Statements for W.G. Ross Corp. as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.
- (b) Pro forma financial information—Included herein as Exhibit 99.3 are the unaudited pro forma condensed combined Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2011 and the pro forma condensed combined Statements of Operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010 and nine months ended September, 2011.
- (c) Exhibits.

| Exhibit | Description |
|---------|--|
| 23.1 | Consent of Padgett Stratemann & Co., L.L.P. |
| 99.1 | Audited Financial Statements for W.G. Ross Corp. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 and the accompanying Report of Independent Auditors. |
| 99.2 | <u>Unaudited Balance Sheet for W.G. Ross Corp. for the period ended December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2011 and Income Statement and Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.</u> |
| 99.3 | Asure Software, Inc. unaudited pro forma condensed combined Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2011 and the condensed combined Statements of Operations for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 and the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 with respect to the acquisition of W.G. Ross Corp. C |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ASURE SOFTWARE, INC.

Date: February 29, 2012 By: /s/David Scoglio

David Scoglio Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit | Description |
|---------|--|
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| 99.3 | Asure Software, Inc. unaudited pro forma condensed combined Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2011 and the condensed combined Statements of Operations for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 and the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 with respect to the acquisition of W.G. Ross Corp. C |

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements (No. 333-77733, 333-44533, 333-48885, 333-28499, 333-51822, 333-65472, 333-65472, 333-65464, 333-95754, 333-65478) on Form S-8 of Asure Software, Inc. of our report dated January 17, 2012, relating to our audits of the financial statements of W.G. Ross Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, included in this Current Report on Form 8-K/A.

/s/Padgett Stratemann & Co., L.L.P. San Antonio, TX

February 28, 2012

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant

Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant

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Padgett Stratemann & Co., L.L.P.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Stockholder W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Austin, Texas

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Padgett, Stratemann & Co., L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants January 17, 2012

SAN ANTONIO AUSTIN

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W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Balance Sheets December 31, 2010 and 2009

Assets

| Current Assets | 2010 | | 2009 |
|---|--------------|----|-------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 50,827 | \$ | 323,330 |
| Accounts receivable | 184,400 | | 83,297 |
| Employee receivable | 7,281 | | <u> </u> |
| Total current assets | 242,508 | | 406,627 |
| Property and Equipment — net | 64,123 | | 77,388 |
| | \$ 306,631 | \$ | 484,015 |
| Liabilities and Stockholde | er's Deficit | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Lines of credit | \$ 330,000 | \$ | 350,000 |
| Current portion of note payable | 93,031 | | 88,149 |
| Accounts payable | 48,024 | | 64,012 |
| Accrued expenses | 59,979 | | 113,740 |
| Deferred revenue | 719,616 | | 713,077 |
| Customer advances | 14,202 | | 14,199 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,264,852 | | 1,343,177 |
| Note Payable — less current portion | 463,101 | | 563,399 |
| Total liabilities | 1,727,953 | | 1,906,576 |
| Stockholder's Deficit | | | |
| Common stock—no par value; 1,000,000 shares | | | |
| authorized; 500,000 shares issued and outstanding | 500 | | 500 |
| Accumulated deficit | (1,421,822 |) | (1,423,061) |
| Total stockholder's deficit | (1,421,322 |) | (1,422,561) |
| | \$ 306,631 | \$ | 484,015 |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Income December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue: | | |
| Sales | \$ 1,868,025 | \$ 2,063,850 |
| Service | 1,271,807 | 1,731,458 |
| Total revenue | 3,139,832 | 3,795,308 |
| Cost of revenue | 965,162 | 927,318 |
| Gross profit | 2,174,670 | 2,867,990 |
| General and administrative expenses | 1,929,195 | 2,613,091 |
| Operating income | 245,475 | 254,899 |
| Other income and expense: | | |
| Mergers and acquisition costs | | (125,211) |
| Interest expense | (45,374) | (17,366) |
| Other income | 42,419 | 37,215 |
| Total other income and expense | (2,955) | (105,362) |
| Net income | \$ 242,520 | \$ 149,537 |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Deficit December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | Commo | n Stock | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | Accumulated | |
| | Shares | Amount | Deficit | Total |
| Balance at December 31, 2008 | 1,000,000 | \$ 1,000 | \$ (419,090) | \$ (418,090) |
| Net income | - | - | 149,537 | 149,537 |
| Acquisition and retirement of | | | | |
| treasury stock | (500,000) | (500) | (999,500) | (1,000,000) |
| Distributions | | | (154,008 | (154,008) |
| Balance at December 31, 2009 | 500,000 | 500 | (1,423,061) | (1,422,561) |
| Net income | - | - | 242,520 | 242,520 |
| Distributions | <u>-</u> | | (241,281) | (241,281) |
| Balance at December 31, 2010 | 500,000 | \$ 500 | \$ (1,421,822) | \$ (1,421,322) |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 242,520 | \$ 149,537 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to | | |
| net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 17,355 | 46,651 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (101,103) | 170,874 |
| Employee receivable | (7,281) | - |
| Accounts payable | (15,988) | 50,752 |
| Accrued expenses | (53,761) | 71,530 |
| Deferred revenue | 6,539 | (131,535) |
| Customer advances | 3 | 14,199 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 88,284 | 372,008 |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities — purchase | | |
| of property and equipment | (4,090) | (26,698) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (4,090) | (26,698) |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (Continued)

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities | | |
| Proceeds from (payments on) lines of credit—net | \$ (20,000) | \$ 138,827 |
| Purchase of common stock | | (300,000) |
| Payments on note payable | (95,416) | (48,452) |
| Stockholder's distributions | (241,281) | (154,008) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (356,697) | (363,633) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (272,503) | (18,323) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 323,330 | 341,653 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 50,827 | \$ 323,330 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 45,374 | \$ 17,366 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Financing Activity | | |
| Purchase of common stock with a note payable | \$ _ | \$ 700,000 |

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity and Nature of Operations

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant (the "Company") integrates software, hardware, and professional services to create a comprehensive time accounting solution. The Company is headquartered in Austin, Texas.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved With Variable Interest Entities

On January 1, 2010, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), Consolidations — Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved With Variable Interest Entities. The new guidance identifies the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE") as the enterprise that has both the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impacts the entity's economic performance, and the obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The new guidance also provides information on additional disclosures and ongoing reassessments of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a VIE.

The new provisions shall be effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009. The Company adopted this guidance for its year ended December 31, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows are all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounts Receivable

The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Depreciation and Amortization

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are calculated using the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives: vehicles — 7 years; furniture and fixtures —7 years; computers —5 years; and computer software —3 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. The Company did not recognize an impairment loss during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition (continued)

The Company earns revenue from two primary sources: the sale and installation of time accounting software and hardware and related maintenance and service contracts. In some instances, these are sold together in a multiple-element arrangement. When a multiple-element arrangement exists, the Company will allocate the value of the arrangement to each unit of accounting based on vendor-specific objective evidence of selling price, typically the estimated selling price of the undelivered element on a stand-alone basis. In this case, the software license and hardware revenue will be recognized upon installation, setup, and customer acceptance, and the associated maintenance and support revenue will be deferred and recognized ratably over the contractual period (typically one year).

If hardware devices are sold on a stand-alone basis, revenue is recognized upon shipment of the hardware.

The Company also offers its products as software-as-a-service ("SaaS") which is offered on a subscription basis. Recently, this type of software subscription has also become known as "cloud-based" software subscriptions. The Company recognizes SaaS revenue pro-rata over the life of the software subscription contract.

Deferred revenue includes collected retainer amounts for product installations which have yet to be finalized and software and hardware maintenance amounts collected for which the service period has not yet elapsed.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of hardware and software products purchased from third-party vendors which are then rebranded and sold under the Legiant name.

Income Taxes

The Company, with the consent of its stockholder, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as an S Corporation. The stockholders of an S Corporation are taxed on their proportionate share of the entity's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements. Certain specific deductions and credits flow through the Company to its stockholder.

The Company is subject to the Texas gross margin tax. In 2010, the Company recorded \$19,544 (\$5,936 in 2009) of Texas gross margin tax, which is included in general and administrative expenses in the statements of income.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contingencies

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Advertising and Promotion

Advertising and promotion costs totaled approximately \$104,000 and \$193,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and are expensed as incurred.

2. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

| | December 31, | | | |
|--|--------------|---------|----|---------|
| | | 2010 | | 2009 |
| Vehicles | \$ | 86,743 | \$ | 86,742 |
| Furniture and fixtures | | 80,213 | | 80,213 |
| Computers | | 75,794 | | 73,816 |
| Computer software | | 18,040 | | 15,929 |
| | | 260,790 | | 256,700 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization | | 196,667 | | 179,312 |
| Net property and equipment | \$ | 64,123 | \$ | 77,388 |

3. Lines of Credit

The Company has two revolving lines of credit with a total capacity of \$350,000 from a commercial bank, bearing interest at the bank's prime lending rate. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, there were outstanding balances of \$330,000 and \$350,000, respectively. The stockholder of the Company has unconditionally guaranteed the debt. In addition, all accounts receivable, equipment, and general intangibles of the Company are collateralized under the loan agreements. The lines of credit, including any accrued interest, are due on demand.

4. Note Payable

In 2009, the Company issued a \$700,000 note payable to a former stockholder, for the purchase of 500,000 shares of common stock. The note requires monthly principal and interest payments of \$9,894, at an interest rate of 5.0%, and matures on June 11, 2016. The note is secured by 250,000 shares of common stock of the Company.

4. Note Payable (continued)

Future payments required under the stock repurchase note as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

| Year ending December 31, | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| 2011 | 93,031 |
| 2012 | 97,052 |
| 2013 | 102,017 |
| 2014 | 107,237 |
| 2015 | 112,723 |
| Thereafter | 44,072 |
| | \$ 556,132 |

5. Retirement Plan

The Company sponsors a 401(k) employee retirement savings plan with discretionary employer matching. The Company contributed \$17,038 and \$29,696 of matching contributions during 2010 and 2009, respectively.

6. Lease Commitments

The Company leases facilities in Austin, Texas under a lease agreement, which expires March 31, 2013.

Future annual minimum lease payments required under the agreement as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

| Year ending December 31, | |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| 2011 | \$ 44,766 |
| 2012 | 52,923 |
| 2013 | 13,231 |
| | \$ 110,920 |

7. Mergers and Acquisition Costs

During 2009, the Company incurred a one-time expense totaling \$125,211 as a result of a potential purchase of the Company. These costs were related to travel, legal counsel, and accounting services.

8. Treasury Stock

In 2009, the Board of Directors authorized the purchase of 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company repurchased 500,000 shares of common stock for \$300,000 in cash and a \$700,000 note payable. The Company retired all 500,000 shares in 2009.

9. Customers and Credit Risk

In 2010 and 2009, 83% and 95%, respectively, of the Company's cost of revenue purchases were value-added-reseller software from two providers. Disruption of the supply of this software platform would severely impact the Company's source of modifiable software and ability to earn revenue.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a minimum of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

10. Subsequent Events

Effective December 14, 2011, the Company sold substantially all its assets to a third party.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through December 14, 2011.

EXHIBIT 99.2

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant

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W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Balance Sheets September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010

Assets

| Current Assets | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|-------------|---------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 190,438 | \$ 50,827 |
| Accounts receivable | 70,328 | 184,400 |
| Employee receivable | | 7,281 |
| Total current assets | 260,766 | 242,508 |
| Property and Equipment net | 58,631 | 64,123 |
| | \$ 319,397 | \$ 306,631 |
| Liabilities and Stockholder's Deficit | | |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Lines of credit | \$ 25,495 | \$ 330,000 |
| Current portion of note payable | 492,946 | 93,031 |
| Accounts payable | 28,123 | 48,024 |
| Accrued expenses | 56,460 | 59,979 |
| Deferred revenue | 910,063 | 719,616 |
| Customer advances | | 14,202 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,513,087 | 1,264,852 |
| Note Payable — less current portion | | 463,101 |
| Total liabilities | 1,513,087 | 1,727,953 |
| Stockholder's Deficit | | |
| Common stock— no par value; 1,000,000 shares | | |
| authorized; 500,000 shares issued and outstanding | 500 | 500 |
| Accumulated deficit | (1,194,190) | (1,421,822) |
| Total stockholder's deficit | (1,193,690) | (1,421,322) |
| | \$ 319,397 | \$ 306,631 |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Income For the Nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue: | | |
| Sales | \$ 1,189,027 | \$ 1,543,539 |
| Service | 849,284 | 985,735 |
| Total revenue | 2,038,311 | 2,529,274 |
| Cost of revenue | 410,585 | 746,063 |
| Gross profit | 1,627,726 | 1,783,211 |
| General and administrative expenses | 1,261,079 | 1,672,578 |
| Operating income | 366,647 | 110,633 |
| Other income and expense: | | |
| Mergers and acquisition costs | | - |
| Interest expense | (24,609) | (34,565) |
| Other income | (1,459) | (107) |
| Total other income and expense | (26,068) | (34,672) |
| Net income | \$ 340,579 | \$ 75,961 |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Cash Flows For the Nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|------------|-----------|
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 340,579 | \$ 75,961 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to | | |
| net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 17,644 | 15,668 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 114,072 | (89,279) |
| Employee receivable | 7,281 | (9,654) |
| Accounts payable | 12,929 | 71,100 |
| Accrued expenses | (10,855) | (29,043) |
| Deferred revenue | - | - |
| Customer advances | 176,245 | (64,064) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 657,895 | (29,311) |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities — purchase | | |
| of property and equipment | (12,152) | (4,222) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (12,152) | (4,222) |

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant Statements of Cash Flows For the Nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (Continued)

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities | | |
| Proceeds from (payments on) lines of credit—net | \$ - | - |
| Purchase of common stock | | - |
| Wachovia Line of Credit | (330,000) | (40,000) |
| Payments on note payable | (63,185) | (72,875) |
| Stockholder's distributions | (112,947) | (1,000) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (506,132) | (113,875) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 139,611 | (147,408) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 50,827 | 323,330 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 190,438 | \$ 175,922 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 24,609 | \$ 34,565 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Financing Activity | | |
| Purchase of common stock with a note payable | \$ = | - |

Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity and Nature of Operations

W. G. Ross Corporation, dba Legiant (the "Company") integrates software, hardware, and professional services to create a comprehensive time accounting solution. The Company is headquartered in Austin, Texas.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved With Variable Interest Entities

On January 1, 2010, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), Consolidations — Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved With Variable Interest Entities. The new guidance identifies the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE") as the enterprise that has both the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impacts the entity's economic performance, and the obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The new guidance also provides information on additional disclosures and ongoing reassessments of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a VIE.

The new provisions shall be effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009. The Company adopted this guidance for its year ended December 31, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows are all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounts Receivable

The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2011.

Depreciation and Amortization

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are calculated using the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives: vehicles — 7 years; furniture and fixtures —7 years; computers —5 years; and computer software —3 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. The Company did not recognize an impairment loss during the years ended December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2011.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition (continued)

The Company earns revenue from two primary sources: the sale and installation of time accounting software and hardware and related maintenance and service contracts. In some instances, these are sold together in a multiple-element arrangement. When a multiple-element arrangement exists, the Company will allocate the value of the arrangement to each unit of accounting based on vendor-specific objective evidence of selling price, typically the estimated selling price of the undelivered element on a stand-alone basis. In this case, the software license and hardware revenue will be recognized upon installation, setup, and customer acceptance, and the associated maintenance and support revenue will be deferred and recognized ratably over the contractual period (typically one year).

If hardware devices are sold on a stand-alone basis, revenue is recognized upon shipment of the hardware.

The Company also offers its products as software-as-a-service ("SaaS") which is offered on a subscription basis. Recently, this type of software subscription has also become known as "cloud-based" software subscriptions. The Company recognizes SaaS revenue pro-rata over the life of the software subscription contract.

Deferred revenue includes collected retainer amounts for product installations which have yet to be finalized and software and hardware maintenance amounts collected for which the service period has not yet elapsed.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of hardware and software products purchased from third-party vendors which are then rebranded and sold under the Legiant name.

Income Taxes

The Company, with the consent of its stockholder, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as an S Corporation. The stockholders of an S Corporation are taxed on their proportionate share of the entity's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements. Certain specific deductions and credits flow through the Company to its stockholder.

The Company is subject to the Texas gross margin tax. In 2010, the Company recorded \$19,544 of Texas gross margin tax, which is included in general and administrative expenses in the statements of income.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contingencies

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Advertising and Promotion

Advertising and promotion costs totaled approximately \$90,000 and \$99,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2011, respectively.

2. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

| | December 31 2010 | | tember 30 2011 |
|--|---------------------|----|-------------------|
| Vehicles | \$ 86,743 | \$ | 86,743 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 80,213 | | 83,243 |
| Computers | 75,794 | | 84,916 |
| Computer software | 18,040 | | 18,040 |
| | 260,790 | | 272,942 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization | 196,667 | | 214,311 |
| Net property and equipment | \$ 64,123 | \$ | 58,631 |

3. Lines of Credit

The Company has two revolving lines of credit with a total capacity of \$350,000 from a commercial bank, bearing interest at the bank's prime lending rate. At December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2011, there were outstanding balances of \$330,000 and \$0, respectively. The stockholder of the Company has unconditionally guaranteed the debt. In addition, all accounts receivable, equipment, and general intangibles of the Company are collateralized under the loan agreements. The lines of credit, including any accrued interest, are due on demand.

4. Note Payable

In 2009, the Company issued a \$700,000 note payable to a former stockholder, for the purchase of 500,000 shares of common stock. The note requires monthly principal and interest payments of \$9,894, at an interest rate of 5.0%, and matures on June 11, 2016. The note is secured by 250,000 shares of common stock of the Company.

4. Note Payable (continued)

Future payments required under the stock repurchase note as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

| Year ending December 31, | |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| 2011 | \$ 93,031 |
| 2012 | 97,052 |
| 2013 | 102,017 |
| 2014 | 107,237 |
| 2015 | 112,723 |
| Thereafter | \$ 44,072 |
| | 556,132 |

5. Retirement Plan

The Company sponsors a 401(k) employee retirement savings plan with discretionary employer matching. The Company contributed \$17,038 and \$29,696 of matching contributions during 2010 and 2009, respectively.

6. Lease Commitments

The Company leases facilities in Austin, Texas under a lease agreement, which expires March 31, 2013.

Future annual minimum lease payments required under the agreement as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

| 44,766 |
|------------|
| 52,923 |
| 13,231 |
| \$ 110,920 |
| |

7. Mergers and Acquisition Costs

During 2009, the Company incurred a one-time expense totaling \$125,211 as a result of a potential purchase of the Company. These costs were related to travel, legal counsel, and accounting services.

8. Treasury Stock

In 2009, the Board of Directors authorized the purchase of 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company repurchased 500,000 shares of common stock for \$300,000 in cash and a \$700,000 note payable. The Company retired all 500,000 shares in 2009.

9. Customers and Credit Risk

In 2010 and 2009, 83% and 95%, respectively, of the Company's cost of revenue purchases were value-added-reseller software from two providers. Disruption of the supply of this software platform would severely impact the Company's source of modifiable software and ability to earn revenue.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a minimum of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

10. Subsequent Events

Effective December 14, 2011, the Company sold substantially all its assets to a third party.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through December 14, 2011.

ASURE SOFTWARE, INC.

INDEX TO PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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INTRODUCTION TO ASURE SOFTWARE, INC. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

On December 14, 2011, the Company, through Asure Legiant, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Purchaser"), purchased substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of WG Ross Corp., d/b/a Legiant ("Seller"), relating to its cloud computing time and attendance software and management services pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement ("APA") by and among the Company, Purchaser, Seller and, with respect to Section 6.6 only, ADI Software, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The APA contains certain customary representations, warranties, indemnities and covenants of the Company, Purchaser and Seller.

The purchase price for the assets was \$4,000,000, consisting of \$1,511,231.98 in cash and three subordinated promissory notes of the Purchaser in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,488,768.02, as adjusted pursuant to the terms of the APA. One of the promissory notes is for an aggregate principal amount of \$250,000, bears interest at an annual rate of 0.20%, and will mature on February 1, 2012. The second promissory note is for an aggregate principal amount of \$477,536.05, bears interest at an annual rate of 5.00%, and will mature on October 1, 2014. The third promissory note is for an aggregate principal amount of \$1,761,231.97, bears interest at an annual rate of 0.20%, and will mature on October 1, 2014. The Purchaser may offset any indemnification payments owed by the Seller under the APA against up to \$1 million under the third promissory note. All three promissory notes are guaranteed by the Company and are subordinated to the Company's bank financing. The cash portion of the purchase price was funded with the Company's cash on hand and proceeds from the Company's bank financing.

The business combination was accounted for under ASC 805, "Business Combinations." The application of purchase accounting under ASC 805 requires the total purchase price to be allocated to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values at the acquisition date, with amounts exceeding fair value being recorded as goodwill. The Company is currently in the process of assessing and finalizing the fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. The following table summarizes the preliminary estimated fair values of the assets and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

| Assets Acquired | |
|---|--------------|
| Cash | \$ - |
| Short-term investments | - |
| Accounts receivable | 5 |
| Inventory | 26 |
| Fixed assets | 30 |
| Other assets | - |
| Goodwill | 2,167 |
| Customer relationships (7 year useful life) | 801 |
| Reseller Relationship (7 years useful life) | 709 |
| Trade names (1 year useful life) | 30 |
| Non-compete agreements (3 year useful life) | 26 |
| Total assets acquired | 3,794 |
| | |
| Liabilities assumed | |
| Accounts payable | (10) |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | - |
| Accrued other liabilities | (88) |
| Deferred revenue | <u> </u> |
| Total liabilities assumed | (98) |
| | |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 3,696 |

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet assumes the acquisition occurred on September 30, 2011 and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations and notes thereto, assume that the Acquisition occurred at the beginning of the periods presented. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the consolidated financial statements of Asure Software for the year ended December 31, 2010 filled on Form 10-K and Legiant for the year ended December 31, 2010 included herein and the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Asure Software for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 filled on Form 10-Q and Legiant for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 included herein. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information includes unaudited pro forma adjustments that are factually supportable and directly attributable to the Acquisition. In addition, with respect to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information, the unaudited pro forma adjustments are expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information was prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 805 – Business Combinations. Certain amounts in the Legiant historical financial statements have been reclassified to conform to classifications used by Asure Software, Inc.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations do not include non-recurring transaction costs associated with the Acquisition that are no longer capitalized as part of the acquisition.

The following pro forma financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of (i) the results of operations and financial position that would have been achieved had the Acquisition taken place on the dates indicated or (ii) the future operations of the combined company. The following information should be relied on only for the limited purpose of presenting what the results of operations and financial position of the combined businesses of Asure Software and Legiant might have looked like had the Acquisition taken place at an earlier date.

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Balance Sheet

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

| | Asure 09/30/11 | Legiant 09/30/11 | Pro Forma Combined Adjustments | Pro Forma Combined 9/30/11 |
|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6,082 | 190 | (1,511) a | 4,761 |
| Accounts receivable trade | 996 | 70 | | 1,066 |
| Allowance | (17) | - | | (17) |
| Notes receivable | 120 | - | | 120 |
| Inventory | 6 | - | | 6 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 227 | | | 227 |
| Total Current Assets | 7,414 | 260 | (1,511) | 6,163 |
| Property and equipment, net | 221 | 59 | (17) b | 263 |
| Intangible assets, net | 2,258 | - | 1,566 c | 3,824 |
| Goodwill | <u>-</u> | - | 2,166 d | 2,166 |
| Total Assets | 9,893 | 319 | 2,204 | 12,416 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'EQUITY | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 686 | 54 | (11) e | 729 |
| Line of Credit | 500 | | () | 500 |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | 72 | - | | 72 |
| Other accrued Liabilities | 399 | 56 | | 455 |
| Deferred Revenue | 2,522 | 910 | | 3,432 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 4,179 | 1,020 | (11) | 5,188 |
| Long-term deferred revenue | 150 | - | , | 150 |
| Subordinated notes (related parties \$800) | 1,450 | 493 | 1,985 f | 3,928 |
| Subordinated convertible notes (related parties \$800) | 1,400 | - | | 1,400 |
| Other long-term obligations | 4 | - | | 4 |
| Total Liabilities | 7,183 | 1,513 | 1,974 | 10,670 |
| Owner's Equity | 2,710 | (1,194) | 230 g | 1,746 |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | 9,893 | 319 | 2,204 | 12,416 |

 $(\textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Pro Forma\ consolidated\ financial\ information})$

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Statement of Operations

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

| | Asure Twelve Months Ended Dec-10 | Legiant Twelve Months Ended Dec-10 | Pro Forma Combined Adjustments | Pro Forma Combined Twelve Months Ended Dec-10 |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Revenues | 10,033 | 3,139 | | 13,172 |
| Total Revenues | 10,033 | 3,139 | | 13,172 |
| Cost of Sales | | | | |
| Cost of sales | 2,259 | 965 | 114 a | 3,338 |
| Total Cost of Sales | 2,259 | 965 | 114 | 3,338 |
| Gross Margin | 7,774 | 2,174 | (114) | 9,834 |
| Operating Expense | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 5.693 | 1,929 | (61) b | 7,561 |
| Research and development | 1,445 | -, | (* -) - | 1,445 |
| Loss on lease agreement | 1,203 | - | | 1,203 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 598 | - | 140 a | 738 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 8,939 | 1,929 | 79 | 10,947 |
| Income (Loss) from Operations | (1,165) | 245 | (193) | (1,113) |
| Other Income and (Expenses) | | | | |
| Interest income | 5 | 42 | | 47 |
| Gain on Investments | 130 | - | | 130 |
| Foreign currency translation (loss) gain | (54) | - | | (54) |
| Other income (expenses) | (61) | (45) | (34) c | (140) |
| Total Other Income and (Expense) | 20 | (3) | (34) | (17) |
| Income (Loss) From Operations, Before Income Taxes | (1,145) | 242 | (227) | (1,130) |
| Benefit (provision) for income taxes | 8 | _ _ | | 8 |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$ (1,137) | 242 | (227) | (1,122) |
| | | | | |
| Net income per common share: | (0.0=) | | | (0.00) |
| Basic | \$ (0.37) | | | (0.36) |
| Diluted | \$ (0.37) | | | (0.36) |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 3,087 | | | 3,087 |
| Diluted | 3,087 | | | 3,087 |

 $(\textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Pro Forma\ consolidated\ financial\ information})$

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Statement of Operations

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

| | Asure Nine Months Ended 09/30/11 | Legiant Nine Months Ended 09/30/11 | Pro Forma Combined Adjustments | Pro Forma Combined Nine Months Ended 9/30/11 |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Revenues | 7,293 | 2,038 | | 9,331 |
| Total Revenues | 7,293 | 2,038 | | 9,331 |
| Cost of Sales | | | | |
| Cost of sales | 1,363 | 410 | <u>86</u> a | 1,859 |
| Total Cost of Sales | 1,363 | 410 | 86 | 1,859 |
| Gross Margin | 5,930 | 1,628 | (86) | 7,472 |
| Operating Expense | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 4,340 | 1,261 | - | 5,601 |
| Research and development | 1,150 | | | 1,150 |
| Amortization of Intangibles | 449 | | 105 a | 554 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 5,939 | 1,261 | 105 | 7,305 |
| (Loss) Income from Operations | (9) | 367 | (191) | 167 |
| Other Income and (Expenses) | | | | |
| Interest income | 8 | (1) | | 7 |
| Foreign currency translation gain (loss) | 47 | - (25) | | 47 |
| Other income (expenses) | (20) | (25) | (45) c | (90) |
| Total Other Income and (Expense) | 35 | (26) | (45) | (36) |
| (Loss) Income From Operations, Before Income Taxes | 26 | 341 | (236) | 131 |
| Benefits (provision) for income taxes | (30) | | | (30) |
| Net (Loss) Income | <u>\$ (4)</u> | 341 | (236) | <u>\$ 101</u> |
| Net (Loss) income per common share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.00) | | | 0.03 |
| Diluted | \$ (0.00) | | | 0.03 |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 3,085 | | | 3,085 |
| Diluted | 3,085 | | | 3,085 |

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Pro Forma consolidated financial information)

ASURE SOFTWARE, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR TWELVE MONTHS ENDED 12/31/10 AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 09/30/11

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Notes to Pro Forma Balance Sheet:

- (a) Cash used in acquisition of \$1,511
- (b) Adjustment to FA for NBV of Vehicle & Shed not purchased
- (c) Estimated value of intangible assets acquired in acquisition
- (d) Estimated value of goodwill acquired in acquisition
- (e) Adjustment in estimated value of accounts payable
- (f) Note payable to seller
- (g) Reduction in Legiant equity account at acquisition

Notes to Pro Forma Income Statement:

- (a) Reflects adjustments to the historical intangible amortization expense resulting from the effects of the preliminary purchase price associated with the acquisition of Legiant. The final allocation of the actual purchase price is subject to the final valuation of the acquired assets, but that allocation is not expected to differ materially from the preliminary allocation presented in this pro forma condensed combined financial information.
- (b) Expenses excluded on transaction costs associated with the Acquisition that are no longer capitalized as part of the acquisition \$61k for twelve months ended December 31, 2010.
- (c) Reflects Interest expense on acquisition related debt